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1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Commercial Product Name : GAS OIL

Chemical name of the substance : Gas Oil

Specific use(s) : Fuel,Solvent

Company : Topaz Energy

Topaz House Beech Hill Clonskeagh

-Dublin 4, Ireland Tel.:+353 1 202 8888 Fax:+353 1 203 9888

E-mail:safetydatasheets@topazenergy.ie

Emergency telephone number : +353 1 808 8232

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

The product is classified as dangerous in accordance with Directive 67/548/EEC.







N: Dangerous for the environment

Most important hazards : R20 - Harmful by inhalation.

R51/53 - Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in

the aquatic environment.

R65 - Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R66 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

CLP-Classification : The product is classified as dangerous in accordance with Directive 1272/2008/EEC.



Signal word : Danger

CLP Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Main symptoms

Inhalation : May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Cough

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Inhalation of high vapour concentrations can cause CNS-depression and

narcosis.

Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like

headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Skin contact : Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of

natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and

absorption through the skin.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact : May cause eye irritation.

Repeated or prolonged exposure:

Redness Inflammation Ulceration

Ingestion : Smallest quantities reaching the lungs through swallowing or subsequent

vomiting may result in lung oedema or pneumonia.

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and

diarrhoea.

Environmental properties : Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	Values (%)	CAS no	EC No	EC Index	Symbol(s):	R-phrase(s)
Distillates (petroleum), full-range straight- run middle	<= 100	68814-87-9	272-341-5	-	Xn, N	R20, R65, R66, R51/53

Full text of R-phrases: See section 16.

Substance name	Values (%)	CAS no	EC No	EC Index	CLP pictograms	CLP Hazard statement S
Distillates (petroleum), full-range straight- run middle	<= 100	68814-87-9	272-341-5	-	GHS08,GHS07,GHS09	H304,H332, H373,H411, EUH066

Full text of the H-statements: See section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures

Inhalation : May cause irritation of respiratory tract.- Cough- Inhalation of high vapour

concentrations can cause CNS-depression and narcosis.- Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Move to fresh air. Keep at rest.

In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen.

Skin contact : Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of

natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

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If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of soap and water.

Eye contact : May cause eye irritation.- Repeated or prolonged exposure: - Redness-

Inflammation- Ulceration

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15

minutes.

If pain persists, call a physician.

Ingestion : Smallest quantities reaching the lungs through swallowing or subsequent

vomiting may result in lung oedema or pneumonia.- Ingestion may cause

gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Call a physician immediately. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Rinse mouth.

Drink plenty of water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Additional advice : Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire Hazard : Combustible material

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Water spray

Foam

Extinguishing media which shall not be used:

for safety reasons Specific hazards High volume water jet

Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of packages. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes.

In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be produced such

as:

Carbon oxides Sulphur oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

H2S

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed

of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. See also section 8.

Mesas section 6.

Wear personal protective equipment.

Environmental precautions : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Methods for cleaning up

Remove all sources of ignition.

Do not smoke.

Do not use sparking tools.

Use only explosion-proof equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Clean-up methods - small spillage

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

Clean-up methods - large spillage

Dam up.

Hose down gases, fumes and/or dust with water. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

Collect and dispose of waste product at an authorised disposal facility. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be

contained.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage

Handling

: Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Store in original container.

Keep in a bunded area.

Do not store near or with any of the incompatible materials listed in section

10.

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might

cause ignition of organic vapours).

To avoid ignition of vapours by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of

the equipment must be grounded.

Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning transfer

operations.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any

incandescent material.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

Do not smoke.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Packaging material : glass,metal containers,Plastic jerrican

Specific use(s) : Fuel, Solvent

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.

type A2, EN 141/136/140/137

Hand protection : Nitrile rubber

PVC disposable gloves

EN374

The selection of specific gloves for a specific application and time of use in a working area, should also take into account other factors on the working

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space, such as (but not limited to): other chemicals that are possibly used, physical requirements (protection against cutting/drilling, skill, thermal protection), and the instructions/specification of the supplier of gloves.

Eye protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Goggles

Skin and body protection : chemical-resistant overalls

Chemical resistant apron

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Engineering measures : Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.

Environmental exposure controls : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Exposure limit(s)

Component : Distillates (petroleum), full-range straight-run middle (68814-87-9)

TLV-TWA (mg/m³) : mist : 1 (SE) ; 5 (BE, GB, FR, NL, ES, FI, DK, NO); 250 (UT4, Kraftstoff, Germany)

TLV-STEL (mg/m³) : mist : 3 (SE) ; 10 (BE, GB)

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Colour : amber, Yellow-brown

Odour : petroleum hydrocarbon odour

pH : Not applicable
Boiling point/boiling range : 180 - 390 °C
Melting point/range : No data available
Flash point : > 61 °C (CC)
Decomposition temperature : No data available

Autoignition temperature : 250 °C

Explosive properties : LEL 0,5 vol% - UEL 7 vol%

Oxidizing properties : No data available Vapour pressure : > 1 hPa @ 20°C

Vapour density : > 1
Water solubility : insoluble

Viscosity : 4,8 @ 40°C mm²/s

Density : 0,82 - 0,88 g/cm³ (15°C)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : 3,9 - 6

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous decomposition products : Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes.

Possible decomposition products are:

Carbon oxides Sulphur oxides

H2S

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

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Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

Acute toxicity

Component : Distillates (petroleum), full-range straight-run middle (68814-87-9)

Inhalation : May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Cough

Inhalation of high vapour concentrations can cause CNS-depression and

narcosis.

Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like

headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Skin contact : Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of

natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and

absorption through the skin.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact : May cause eye irritation.

Repeated or prolonged exposure:

Redness Inflammation Ulceration

Ingestion : Smallest quantities reaching the lungs through swallowing or subsequent

vomiting may result in lung oedema or pneumonia.

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and

diarrhoea.

Chronic toxicity

Chronic toxicity : Chronic exposure

Liver and kidney injuries may occur.

Blood disorder may occur after prolonged inhalation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Sensitisation : No sensitization responses were observed.

carcinogenic effects : Substances which cause concern for man owing to possible carcinogenic

effects but for which the available information is not adequate for making a

satisfactory assessment.

Mutagenicity : Substances which cause concern for man owing to possible carcinogenic

effects but for which the available information is not adequate for making a

satisfactory assessment.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects : Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

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Mobility : insoluble

Persistence and degradability : Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation : May cause bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : 3,9 - 6

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues / unused products : Empty containers should be transported/delivered using a registered

waste carrier to local recyclers for disposal.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

Contaminated packaging : Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum., Keep product

and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

Additional ecological information : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application

for which the product was used.

The following Waste Codes are only suggestions: 13 07 03* - other fuels (including mixtures)

15 01 10* - packaging containing residues of or contaminated by

dangerous substances

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Codes of waste (2001/573/EC, 75/442/EEC,

ADR danger labels

91/689/EEC)

ADR/RID

Proper shipping name : GAS OIL / DIESEL FUEL / HEATING OIL, LIGHT

UN-No : 1202
Class : 3
Packing group : III

ADNR

ADNR class : 3 - Flammable liquids

ADNR classification code : F1
ADNR UN number : 1202

<u>IMDG</u>

Proper shipping name : GAS OIL / DIESEL FUEL / HEATING OIL, LIGHT

UN-No : 1202
Class : 3
Packing group : III
EmS : E-E : 9

EmS : F-E ; S-E IMDG Limited Quantities : 5 L

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ICAO/IATA

Symbol(s):

Proper shipping name : GAS OIL / DIESEL FUEL / HEATING OIL, LIGHT

UN-No : 1202
Class : 3
UN packing group : III

Other information (transport) : Tunnel restriction code D/E

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Classification : The product is classified as dangerous in accordance with Directive

67/548/EEC.

Commercial Product Name : GAS OIL
Chemical name of the substance : Gas Oil
EC No : 272-341-5
CAS no : 68814-87-9

Contains : Distillates (petroleum), full-range straight-run middle

X N

Vn Harm

Xn - Harmful

N - Dangerous for the environment

 $\mbox{R-phrase(s)} \hspace{1.5cm} : \hspace{.5cm} \mbox{R20 - Harmful by inhalation}.$

R51/53 - Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in

the aquatic environment.

R65 - Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R66 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

S-phrases : S24 - Avoid contact with skin.

S61 - Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safery

data sheets.

S62 - If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately

and show this container or label.

CLP-Classification : The product is classified as dangerous in accordance with Directive

1272/2008/EEC.

CLP pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

CLP Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

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CLP Precautionary statements : P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P301+P310 - If swallowed, immediately call a doctor.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P405 - Store locked up

Contains : Distillates (petroleum), full-range straight-run middle

WGK : 2

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R phrases mentioned in Section 3 : R20 -Harmful by inhalation.

R51/53 -Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term

adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R65 -Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R66 -Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

H-statements components : H304 -May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H332 -Harmful if inhaled.

H373 -May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure

H411 -Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 -Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet : http://ecb.jrc.it

The contents and format of this SDS are in accordance with EEC Commission Directive 1999/45/EC, 67/548/EC, 1272/2008/EC and EEC Commission Regulation 1907/2006/EC (REACH) Annex II.

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